

Hosting neurodivergent

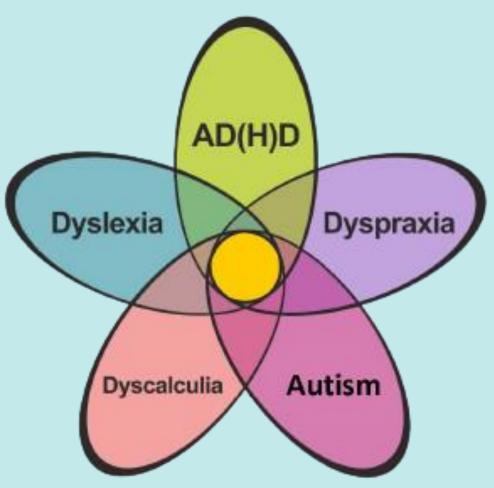
learners

Dr. Anne Margaret Smith

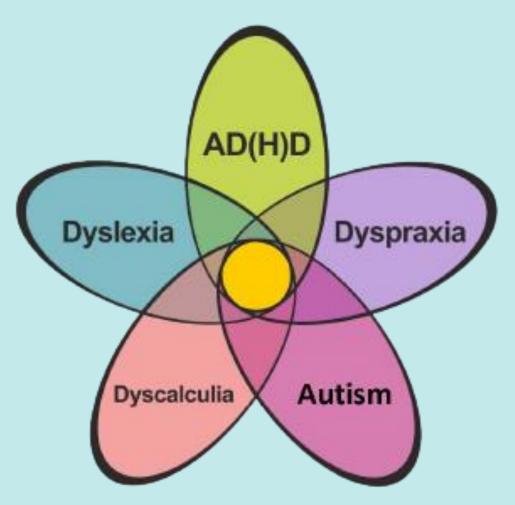
specific learning differences

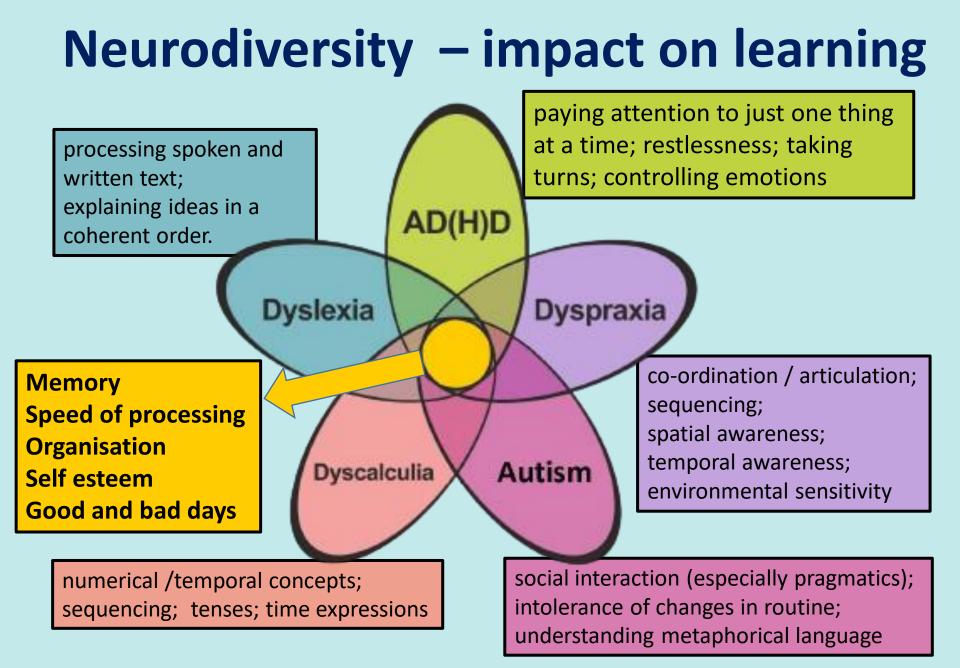
Different ways of perceiving the world, processing information and interpreting sensory input.

SpLDs



Neurodiversity





Group task:

What are the main barriers that you have experienced when working with neurodivergent learners?

Barriers to learning sequencing memory issues

interpreting the world

slower speed of processing

disorganisation

attention / concentration low self-esteem environmental motor sensitivity co-ordination

Barriers to learning

- 1. Memory
- 2. Organisation
- 3. Attention / concentration
- 4. Self-esteem

Supporting neurodivergent learners

Group task:

You will be allocated one potential barrier to learning.

Discuss what you could do, and what your learner could do, to break down / get around this barrier.

1. Memory

repeat

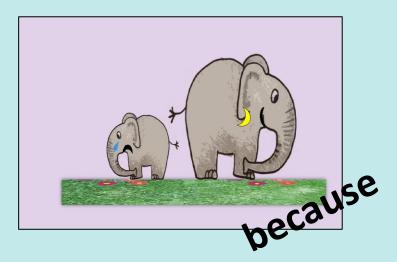


understand

notice

1. Memory strategies

Silly stories(mnemonics)



Memory pictures

Rhythms and melodies

1. Memory strategies

- **Rhythms and melodies**
- New words to a familiar tune
 e.g. 'Happy Birthday'

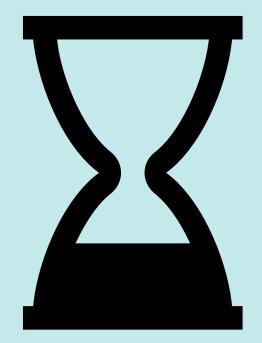
Using rhythm to secure a sequence

2. Organisation > cultural elements of organization / time management

- expectations around punctuality / deadlines
- Inear or circular explanations?

Perception of time going by

Let me know when five minutes have gone by.



2. Organisation

Organisation of ideas

capturing ideas and then ordering them



- text frames(showing linear progression)
- explicitly explore a range of options for organising the ideas what works best?

3. Attention / concentration

- Check the environment
- don't give out things that you don't want them to look at!
- > allow fiddling
- short tasks, small steps

4. Self-esteem

Good self esteem

May be one of the most valuable elements in the learning cycle.



4. Self-esteem

- talking about emotions
 - offer vocabulary
- reflection on every lesson
 - even beginner learners can ask themselves simple questions:
 - 'How did I feel in that lesson'?
 - 'What was hard?'
 - 'What helped me to do the task?'

Good days / bad days

- recognise the signs
- make the most of the good days
- accept the bad days ...









... just do something else!



Different routes to the same destination.



Any questions?

Dr. Anne Margaret Smith ams@ELTwell.co.uk