

# Hosting neurodivergent

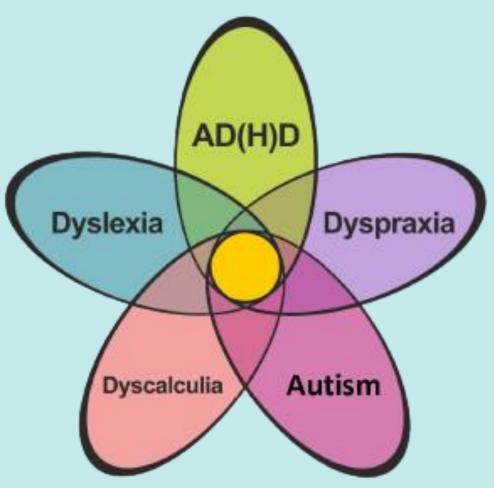
# learners

#### **Dr. Anne Margaret Smith**

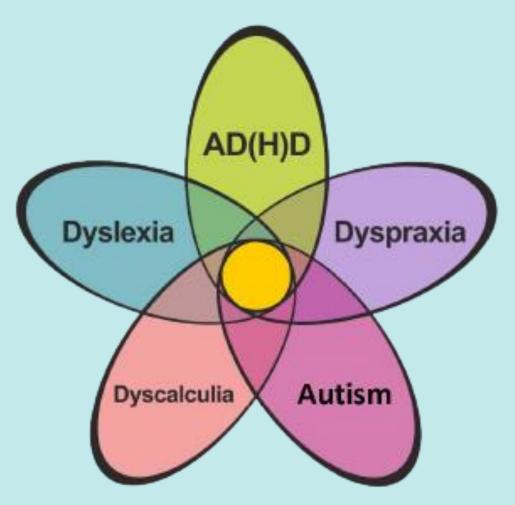
#### specific learning differences

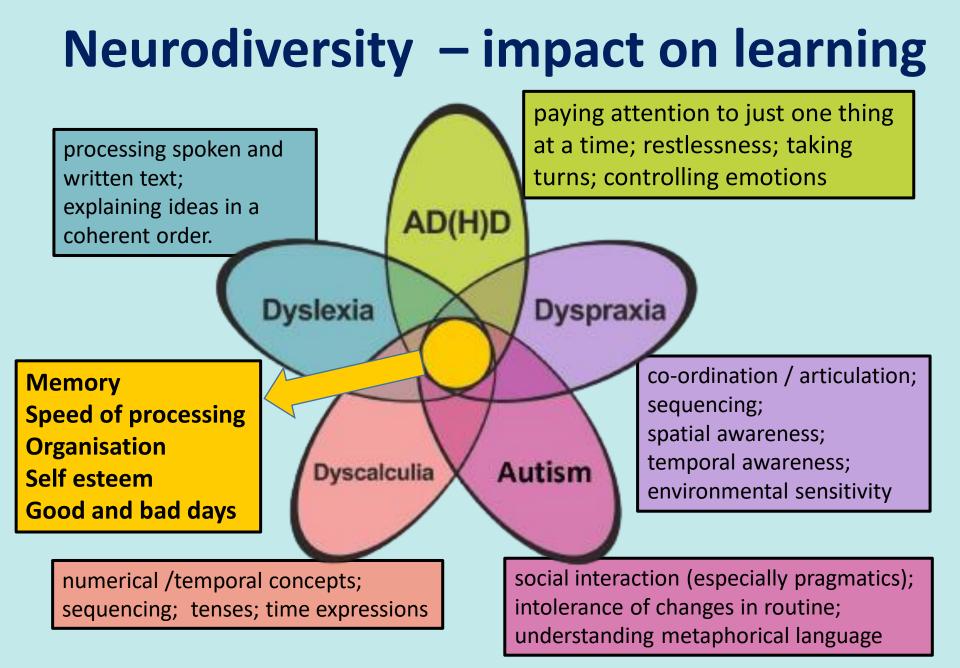
Different ways of perceiving the world, processing information and interpreting sensory input.

#### **SpLDs**



#### Neurodiversity





# Group task:

What are the main barriers that you have experienced when working with neurodivergent learners?

# **Barriers to learning** sequencing memory issues

interpreting the world

slower speed of processing

disorganisation

attention / concentration low self-esteem environmental motor sensitivity co-ordination

# **Barriers to learning**

- 1. Memory
- 2. Organisation
- 3. Attention / concentration
- 4. Self-esteem

Supporting neurodivergent learners

### Group task:

You will be allocated one potential barrier to learning.

Discuss what you could do, and what your learner could do, to break down / get around this barrier.

# 1. Memory

#### repeat

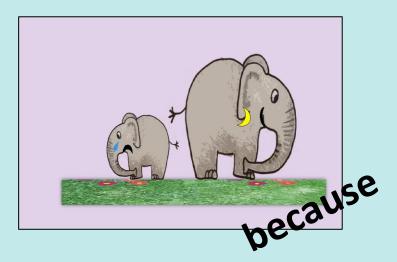


#### understand

#### notice

# 1. Memory strategies

# Silly stories(mnemonics)



#### Memory pictures

#### Rhythms and melodies

# 1. Memory strategies

- **Rhythms and melodies**
- New words to a familiar tune
  e.g. 'Happy Birthday'

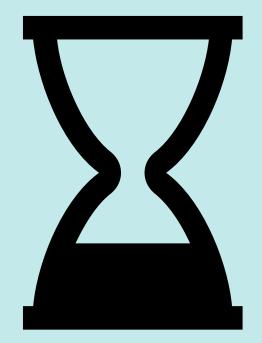
Using rhythm to secure a sequence

# 2. Organisation > cultural elements of organization / time management

- expectations around punctuality / deadlines
- Inear or circular explanations?

# Perception of time going by

Let me know when five minutes have gone by.



# 2. Organisation

**Organisation of ideas** 

capturing ideas and then ordering them



- text frames(showing linear progression)
- explicitly explore a range of options for organising the ideas what works best?

# 3. Attention / concentration

- Check the environment
- don't give out things that you don't want them to look at!
- > allow fiddling
- short tasks, small steps

# 4. Self-esteem

#### **Good self esteem**

May be one of the most valuable elements in the learning cycle.



# 4. Self-esteem

- talking about emotions
  - offer vocabulary
- reflection on every lesson
  - even beginner learners can ask themselves simple questions:
  - 'How did I feel in that lesson'?
  - 'What was hard?'
  - 'What helped me to do the task?'

# Good days / bad days

- recognise the signs
- make the most of the good days
- accept the bad days ...









#### ... just do something else!



Different routes to the same destination.



# Any questions?

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